

Neoadjuvant Pepinemab in Combination with Nivolumab and/or Ipilimumab in Resectable Stage III Melanoma

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DECLARATION OF INTERESTS

Michael Lowe

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Advisory Board: BMS



Background





Background

PARIS





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Trial Design





Trial Design

Cohort	Treatment	Patients	
А	VX15/2503 (15mg/kg) Nivolumab 360mg	8	
В	VX15/2503 (15mg/kg) Ipilimumab (3mg/kg)	8	
С	VX15/2503 (15mg/kg) Nivolumab 360mg Ipilimumab (3mg/kg)	8	
D	Nivolumab 360mg	8	
E	No treatment	6	

• Primary Objective:

• Effect of pepinemab on T cell infiltrate into the tumor microenvironment in lymph nodes and blood

• Secondary Objectives:

- Assess safety and tolerability of the combination of pepinemab with checkpoint inhibitors in patients with resectable stage III melanoma
- Document pathologic response rates of the combination of pepinemab with checkpoint inhibitors



Pathologic Responses

Cohort	Drug	N	pCR*	pMR^
А	Nivolumab/pepinemab	8	25.0%	37.5%
В	Ipilimumab/pepinemab	8	12.5%	12.5%
С	Nivolumab/ipilimumab/pepinemab	8	62.5%	75.0%
D	Nivolumab	7	28.5%	42.9%

*Pathologic complete response: No viable tumor

^ Major pathologic response: pCR plus near pCR (<10% viable tumor)



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Recurrence-free Survival



Recurrence-free survival (months from Day 1 treatment)



Recurrence-free Survival by Response





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Toxicity

- All patients safely underwent surgery without delay
- Grade 3 adverse events:
 - Nivolumab/pepinemab: 1/8 (arthralgias)
 - Ipilimumab/pepinemab: 3/8 (AI, thrombocytopenia, transaminitis)
 - Nivolumab/ipilimumab/pepinemab: 5/8 (dermatitis, colitis, enteritis, nephritis, AI)
 - Nivolumab: 1/8 (AI)
- Three patients did not receive adjuvant therapy due to AEs



Conclusions

- Pepinemab is well-tolerated and adds no additional toxicity to PD-1 and CTLA-4 inhibitors in the neoadjuvant setting
- The triple combination of nivolumab, ipilimumab and pepinemab shows excellent response rates and with short follow up prolonged RFS compared to doublet therapies
 - Further studies needed to assess durability of response, but this combination could serve as a viable regimen in larger studies
- Correlative biomarker data will be presented at 2022 SITC





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